



Who Really Pays?

UNPACKING PROVIDER NETWORK CONTRACTING

Key Takeaways for HR and Benefits Leaders

- Provider network negotiations are increasingly public and have direct consequences for employer-sponsored health plans.
- Healthcare cost pressures are driving more intense negotiations between insurers and providers.
- Contracting outcomes can affect premiums, claims costs, provider access, and employee satisfaction.
- Employers should monitor network changes and understand how contracting impacts their benefits strategy.
- Clear employee communication and partnership with trusted advisors are essential during periods of network disruption.

Provider network negotiations have become increasingly visible to employers and employees alike. What was once a largely behind-the-scenes process between health insurers and healthcare systems is now making headlines through public disputes, rising healthcare costs, and changes in network access that can directly affect plan members. For employers that sponsor health benefits, understanding these negotiations is becoming increasingly important.

At the center of the issue is provider network contracting, the process through which insurance carriers negotiate reimbursement rates and contract terms with hospitals, physician groups, and healthcare systems. While these negotiations are intended to balance affordability and access, increasing healthcare costs have intensified pressure on both sides. Providers seek higher reimbursement to offset operating costs, while insurers attempt to control medical trend and premium increases. The result can be contract disputes, network disruptions, or higher plan costs that ultimately affect employers and covered employees.

For employers, the financial impact can be significant. Provider reimbursement rates are a major driver of healthcare spending, and unfavorable contracting outcomes may contribute to increased premiums, higher claims costs, and greater budget uncertainty.



Even organizations with self-funded plans that use contracted provider networks are not immune, as network pricing directly influences claim expenditures. Employers should therefore view provider network strategy as a key component of their overall benefits management approach rather than simply an insurance carrier responsibility.

Another important consideration is employee experience. When negotiations break down, employees can face disruptions in care, changes in provider access, or confusion regarding network status. These situations can create anxiety and negatively affect perceptions of the employer-sponsored health plan. Proactive communication and employee education become critical during periods of network uncertainty.

In our most recent episode of **The TPG Difference**, we highlight the need for strategic navigation. Employers should work closely with brokers, consultants, and carrier partners to understand network arrangements, monitor potential disruptions, evaluate alternative network options, and assess the broader implications of healthcare market dynamics. Organizations that actively review network performance, provider access, and cost trends are better positioned to make informed benefits decisions.

BOTTOM LINE

Provider network contracting is no longer a hidden operational issue. It is a strategic business concern that influences healthcare costs, employee access to care, and the overall effectiveness of employer-sponsored benefits programs. HR and benefits professionals who understand these dynamics will be better equipped to manage costs while supporting a positive employee experience.

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